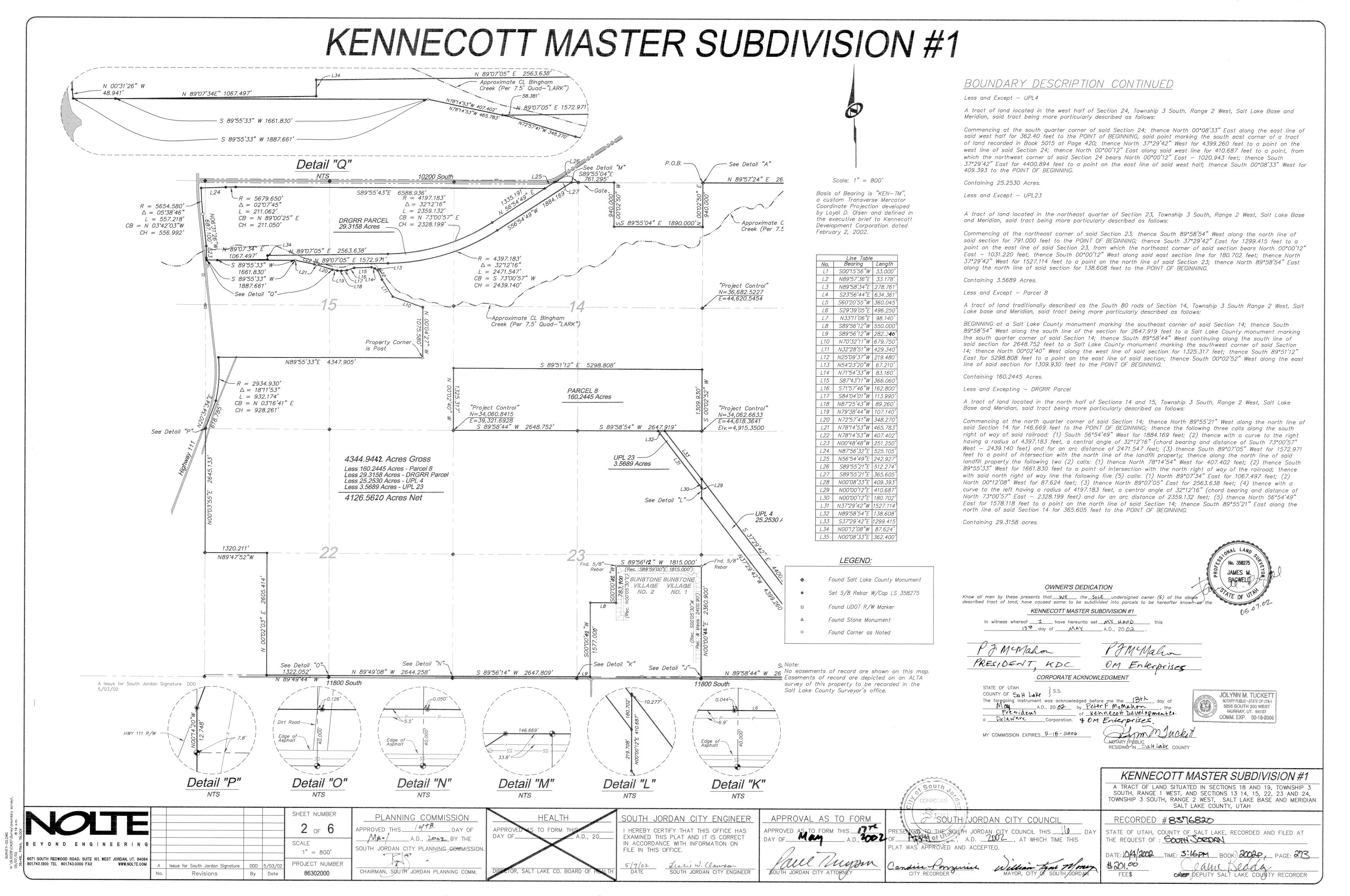
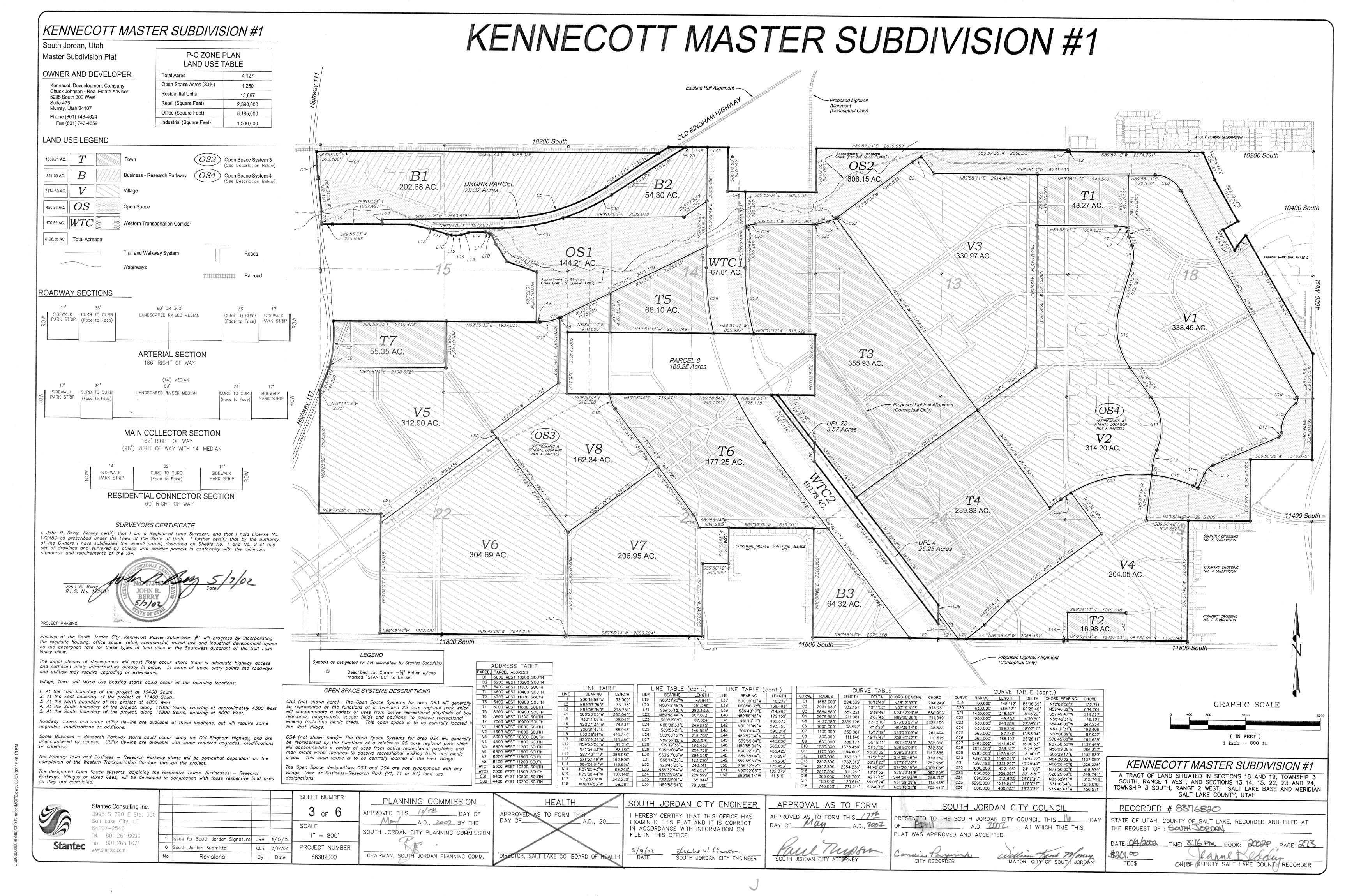
KENNECOTT MASTER SUBDIVISION #1 SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATION & BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION . James M. Bagwell, do hereby certify that I am a Professional Land Surveyor and that I hold Certificate No. 358275 as prescribed by The State of Utah. I further certify that I have directed a survey of the tracts of land shown hereon, and that the corners have been established and marked as indicated. No easements of record have been depicted hereon. 05.67.02 A tract of land situated in Sections 18 and 19, Township 3 South, Range 1 West and Sections 13, 14, 15, 22, 23 and 24, Township 3 South, Range 2 West, Salt Lake Base and Meridian, said tract being more particularly described as follows P.O.B. -See Detail "A" ASCOT DOWNS SUB, BEGINNING at a Salt Lake County monument marking the Northwest corner of said Section 13; thence North S89°55'04"E 761.295' N 89°57'24" E 2699.989' N 89°57'36" E 2666.551' the North quarter corner of said Section 13; thence continuing along said north line North 89°57'36" East for Scale: 1" = 800'10200 South **∼**Gate. N 89°57'12" E 2574.761 2666.551 feet to a point marking the northwest corner of a parcel described in that certain Quit Claim Deed Gate-See Detail "D" See Detail "C" Basis of Bearing is "KEN-TM", Detail "A" See Detail "B' a custom Transverse Mercator See Detail "E the following two (2) calls: (1) South 00°15'56" West for 33.000 feet; (2) thence North 89°57'36" East Coordinate Projection developed by Loyal D. Olsen and defined in S 89°55'04" E 1890.000'≥ Approximate CL Bingham the executive brief to Kennecott for a total of 33.178 feet; thence North 89°57'12" East parallel to and 33.00 feet perpendicular south of the Creek (Per 7.5' Quad-"LARK") Development Corporation dated February 2, 2002. and an extension of the west line of the property conveyed to Oquirrh Shadows, L.C. as recorded in Book 8221 R = 1653.000at Page 869; thence South 23°56'44" East passing the northwest corner of said property at 0.591 feet and $\Delta = 10^{\circ}12'46''$ Line Table Bearing Length L = 294.639'along said west line South 29°39'04" East for 1012.874 feet to the northeast corner of a parcel conveyed to CB = N3817'57''L1 | S00°15'56"W | 33.000 South Jordan City, recorded in Book 8401 at Page 5930; thence along the perimeter of said South Jordan City -CH = 294.249'property the following four (4) calls: (1) South 60°20'55" West for 360.045 feet; (2) thence South 29°39'05" L2 N89°57'36"F 33.178 "Project Control" OQUIRRH PARK N=36,682.5227L3 N89°58'34"E 278.761 NSUB. PHASE 2 E=44,620.5454 a radius of 1653.000 feet, a central angle of 10°12'46" (chord bearing and distance of North 38°17'57" Fast -L4 S23°56'44"E 634.361 294.249 feet) and for an arc distance of 294.639 feet, said point being the southeast corner of South Jordan L5 | S60°20'55"W 360.045 City and lying on the north right of way of 10400 South Street, said point also lying on the west line of said Found Rebar & L6 | S29°39'05"E | 496.250 Alum. Cap Marked N33*11'06"E 98.140' Loval D. Olsen 00°07'15" East along said east line for 967.184 feet to a Salt Lake County monument marking the northeast L8 | S89°56'12"W | 550.000 corner of Section 19; thence South 00°07'47" East along the East line of said Section 19 for 1326.083 feet to L9 | S89°56'12"W | 282.340 L10 N70°32'11"W 679.750 4344.9442 Acres Gross L11 | N32°28'51"W | 429.340 (2) calls: (1) South 89°58'28" West for 1316.070 feet; (2) thence South 00°04'54" East for 1324.371 feet to a Less 160.2471 Acres - Parcel 8 L12 N25°09'37"W 219.480 point on the North line of Country Crossing Subdivision No. 5, recorded as Entry No. 7422489 in Plat Book 5298.808' Less 29.3158 Acres - DRGRR Parcel L13 N54"23'20"W 67.210 99-7P at Page 204; thence along the north and west lines of said subdivision, phase No.'s 5, 4 and 3 the Less 25.2530 Acres - UPL 4 following two (2) calls: (1) North 89°56'46" West for 1320.153 feet; (2) thence South 00°01'42" West for L14 N71°54'33"W 83.160 Less 3.5689 Acres - UPL 23 2609.121 feet to the southwest corner of said Country Crossing Subdivision No. 3, said point also lying on the L15 S87°43'11"W 366.060 4126.5620 Acres Net RCEL 8),2445 Acres north right of way of 11800 South Street; thence along said north right of way line the following three (3) calls: L16 | S71°57'46"W 162.800 (1) North 89°52'04" West for 2642.116 feet; (2) thence North 89°58'42" West for 2677.945 feet: (3) thence L17 | S84°04'01"W | 113.990 North 89°58'44" West for 2677.394 feet to a point of intersection of the north right of way line of said 11800 "Project Control" L18 N87°25'43"W 89.260 "Project Control" N=34.062.6633 N = 34.068.3611L19 N79°38'44"W 107.140 2001P at Page 224, said point also lying North 00°00'42" East - 40.000 feet from a Salt Lake County E=44.618.3641 E=49,997.6668 L20 N72°57'41"W 348.270 S 89°58'54" W 2647.919 Elv. = 4,915.3500 L21 N78°14'53"W 465.783 Detail "C" See Detail "F" Found Rebar & Found Rebar & L22 N78°14'53"W 407.402 Alum. Cap Marked to the northwest corner of said Sunstone Village No. 2; (3) thence South 00°00'42" West for 783.900 feet to a Alum. Cap Marked L23 N00°48'48"W 251.250 Loyal D. Olsen Loyal D. Olsen L24 N87°56'32"E 525.105 swap; thence along the north and west lines of said 20 acre land swap the following two (2) calls: (1) South 3.5689 Acres L25 N56°54'49"E 242.927 89°56'12" West for 550.000 feet; (2) thence South 00°00'42" West for 1577.000 feet to a point on the north L26 S89°55'21"E 512.274 right of way line of said 11800 South Street; thence along said north right of way line the following four (4) 10200 South S89°55'21"E | 365.605 North 89°49'08" West for 2644.258 feet; (4) thence North 89°49'44" West for 1322.052 feet; thence North L28 N00°08'33"E 409.393 S89°58'28"W 00°02'03" East along the west line of the east half of the southwest quarter of section 22 for 2605.414 feet to L29 N00°00'12"E 410.687 1316.070 the northwest corner of the east half of the southwest quarter of said Section 22: thence North 89°47'52" West See Detail "L" L30 N00°00'12"E 180.702 along the north line of said southwest quarter for 1320.211 feet to a Salt Lake County monument marking the L31 N37°29'42"W 1527.114 west quarter corner of said Section 22; thence North 00°03'55" East along the west line of said Section 22 for L32 N89°58'54"F 138.608 2645.133 feet to a Salt Lake County monument marking the southwest corner of Section 15; thence North 25.2530 Acres 00°14'20" West along the west line of said Section 15 for 12.748 feet to a point on the east right of way of L33 | S37°29'42"E 1299.415 Highway 111; thence along said east right of way line the following two(2) calls: (1) North 20°34'34" East for L34 N00°12'08"W 87.624' Northwest Corner 618.785 feet; (2) thence with a curve to the left, having a radius of 2934.930 feet, a central angle of 18°11'53 L35 N00°08'33"E 362.400' Detail "D" in Bk. 8221, Pg. 869 (chord bearing and distance of North 03°16'41" East — 928.261 feet) and for an arc distance of 932.174 feet to N, 89°56'46", W a point of intersection with said east right of way and the south line of the Trans Jordan Landfill property, 1320:153 recorded as Entry No. 5683985 in Book 6826 at Page 293, from which the southwest corner of said property S 89°56', 12" W 1815.000' LEGEND: (Rec. \$89°53'49"E) bears South 89°55'33" West — 2.095 feet; thence North 89°55'33" East along the south line of said landfill (Rec. S89 59 00 E 1815 000') COUNTRY CROSSING property for 4347.905 feet to the southeast corner; thence along the east and northerly boundary of said landfill NO. 5 SUBDIVISION 'SUNSTONE SUNSTOÑE property the following fourteen (14) calls: (1) North 00°04'27" West for 1075.580 feet: (2) thence North Found Salt Lake County Monument VILLAGE VILLAGE 70°32'11" West for 679.750 feet; (3) thence North 32°28'51" West for 429.340 feet; (4) thence North 25°09'37' NO. 2 NO. 1 West for 219.480 feet; (5) thence North 54°23'20" West for 67.210 feet; (6) thence North 71°54'33" West for Set 5/8 Rebar W/Cap LS 358275 83.160 feet; (7) thence South 87°43'11" West for 366.060 feet; (8) thence South 71°57'46" West for 162.800 S COUNTRY CROSSING NO. 4 SUBDIVISION feet; (9) thence South 84°04'01" West for 113.990 feet; (10) thence North 87°25'43" West for 89.260 feet; (11) Found UDOT R/W Marker Fence Cor. thence North 79°38'44" West for 107.140 feet; (12) thence North 72°57'41" West for 348.270 feet; (13) thence -Fnd. Rebar & Cap North 78"14'53" West for 465.783 feet; (14) thence South 89"55'33" West for 1887.661 feet to a point on said Marked Ensign Found Stone Monument 0.067' West. east right of way of Highway 111; thence along said east right of way the following four (4) calls: (1) North 06°31'26" West for 48.941 feet; (2) thence North 00°48'48" West for 251.250 feet; (3) thence North 06°31'26" Find. Rebar and Cap Found Corner as Noted Marked Tabriz -West for 687.100 feet to a found Utah Department of Transportation right of way marker; (4) thence with a 0.125' West, COUNTRY CROSSING curve to the right, having a radius of 5654.580 feet, a central angle of 05°38'46" (chord bearing and distance 0.287' North NO. 3 SUBDIVISION of North 03°42'03" West — 556.992 feet) and for an arc distance of 557.218 feet to a point of intersection of Gate — See Detail "G" the said east right of way and the south right of way of the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad, recorded in Book See Detail "H"_ See Detail "I"_ Detail "E" See Detail "J"-5381 at Page 373; thence leaving Highway 111 and along said Denver and Rio Grande south right of way the N 89°58'44" W 2677.394' No easements of record are shown on this map. V 89°58'42" W 2677.945' N 89°52'04" W 2642.116' following four (4) calls: (1) North 87°56'32" East for 525.105 feet; (2) thence with a curve to the right, having Easements of record are depicted on an ALTA a radius of 5679.650 feet, a central angle of 02°07'45" (chord bearing and distance of North 89°00'25" East — 11800 South 11800 South survey of this property to be recorded in the 211.050 feet) and for an arc distance of 211.062 feet; (3) thence South 89°55'43" East for 6588.936 feet: (4) Salt Lake County Surveyor's office. thence North 56°54'49" East for 242.927 feet to a point of intersection with said south right of way and the 0.084 0.094 north line of Section 14, Township 3 South, Range 2 West; thence South 89°55'21" East along the north line of said section for 512.274 feet to a Salt Lake County monument marking the north quarter corner of said Section 14; thence South 89°55'04" East continuing along said north line for 761.295 feet to the northwest corner of the Utah Power and Light parcel recorded in Book 4362 at Page 429; thence along the west and south lines of said U.P & L. parcel the following two (2) calls: (1) South 00°02'50" West for 940.000 feet; (2) thence South Edge of — Asphalt 89°55'04" East for 1890.000 feet to the southeast corner of the Utah Power and Light parcel recorded in Book Edge of -Asphalt Edge of — Asphalt Edge of -Asphalt 4358 at Page 302, said point also lying on the east line of said Section 14; thence North 00°02'50" East glong 56.6° said east line for 940.000 feet to the POINT OF BEGINNING Containing 189,265, 768.679 Square feet or 4344.94.42 Acres KENNECOTT MASTER SUBDIVISION #1 Detail "L Detail "K" Detail "J" Detail Detail "H" Detail "F" Detail A TRACT OF LAND SITUATED IN SECTIONS 18 AND 19, TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH, RANGE 1 WEST, AND SECTIONS 13 14, 15, 22, 23 AND 24. NTS NTS NTS TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH, RANGE 2 WEST, SALT LAKE BASE AND MERIDIAN SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH SHEET NUMBER PLANNING COMMISSION HEALTH SOUTH JORDAN CITY ENGINFFR RECORDED # 8376820 APPROVAL AS TO FORM JORDAN CITY COUNCIL APPROVED THIS 16/1 DAY OF May A.D. 2002 OF **O** _DAY OF HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS OFFICE HAS STATE OF UTAH, COUNTY OF SALT LAKE, RECORDED AND FILED AT EXAMINED THIS PLAT AND IT IS CORRECT ___ A.D., <u>2002</u>__ BY THE THE REQUEST OF : SOUTH JOZDAN _. AT WHICH TIME THIS SCALE IN ACCORDANCE WITH INFORMATION ON SOUTH JORDAN CITY PLANNING COMMISSION FILE IN THIS OFFICE. 1" = 800' 6671 SOUTH REDWOOD ROAD, SUITE 101, WEST JORDAN, UT. 8408 PROJECT NUMBER 801.743.1300 TEL 801.743.0300 FAX Leslie W. Clawton Candie Ymyunic A Issue for South Jordan Signature DDD 5/03/0. CHAIRMAN, SOUTH JORDAN PLANNING COMM. SOUTH JORDAN CITY ENGINEER FEE\$ CHIEF DEPUTY SALT LAKE COUNTY RECORDER 26-13-100-001/4-100-002, 200-001/4-100-005, 200-001/00-005, 200-001/15-100-005, 200-00

89°57'24" East along the north line of said section for 2699.959 feet to a Salt Lake County monument marking recorded in Book 6833 at Page 52, from which a Salt Lake County monument marking the Northeast corner of said Section 13 bears North 89°57'36" East - 33.000 feet; thence along the west and south lines of said parcel intersecting the east line of said Section 13 at 33.000 feet and continuing on along the south line of said parce north line of Section 18, Township 3 South, Range 1 West and along the south right of way of 10200 South for 2574.761 feet to an angle point; thence continuing parallel with said north line and along the said south right of way North 89°58'34" East for 278.761 feet to a point of intersection with the south right of way of 10200 South continuing along the west line of said property for a total of 634.361 feet to an angle point; thence continuing East for 496.250 feet; (3) thence North 33°11'06" East for 98.140 feet; (4) thence with a curve to the right, having Oquirrh Shadows property, thence South 29"39'04" East along said west line for 2916.402 feet to the south east corner of said Oquirrh Shadows property, said point also lying on the east line of said Section 18; thence South the northeast corner of the William B. Wray Jr. parcel, also known as Parcel 3 in Commitment for Title Insurance, Amendment No. 3, Order No. 00113350; thence along the north and west lines of said parcel 3 the following two South Street and the east line of Sunstone Village No. 1 Subdivision, recorded as Entry No. 7973084 in Plat Book monument marking the southwest corner of Section 24, Township 3 South, Range 2 West; thence along the east north and west lines of phases No. 1 and 2 the following three (3) calls: (1) North 00°00'42" East for 2360.900 feet to the northeast corner of said Sunstone Village No. 1; (2) thence South 89°56'12" West for 1815.000 feet point of intersection of the west line of said Sunstone Village No. 2 and the northeast corner of a 20 acre land calls: (1) South 89°56'12" West for 282.3#0 feet; (2) thence South 89°56'14" West for 2647.809 feet; (3) thence

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KENNECOTT DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS MATRIX LAND USE AND BUILDING DESIGN CRITERIA

KENNECOTT MASTER SUBDIVISION #1

RESIDENTIAL BUILDING TYPES					S			NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING TYPES					
	I. SINGLE FAMILY				II. MULTI-FAMILY		III. MIXED USE IV. SMALL COMMERCIAL V. LARGE COMMERCIAL			VI. INDUSTRIAL			
Sing	gle-family, duplex, town house, as	nd row house residential units that do n	of stack dwellings on a single parcel. Typi	ically each unit has a private parcel that h	as street frontage and contains its own parl	cing, with a one-to-three story height.		wo or more dwellings in which units are s others may not. Heights range from two		Mixed use buildings including residential over retail, office over retail, live-work, and residential over office uses. May be any size or height as long as it meets the requirements below.	Non-residential buildings, not including industrial or warehouse uses, that are less than 20,000 sq. ft. Typical types include small retail, service or office buildings of single to three-story height.	Non-residential buildings, not including industrial or wareh uses, that are larger than 20,000 sq. ft. Typical types include story retail, or multiple story institutional, or office buildings Box' retail is included in this category.	single Industrial/R + D buildings are a non-residential build
	A. YOWNHOUSE	B. GREEN COURT/ FLAG LOT	C. SMALL LOT	D. STANDARD LOT	E. LARGE LOY	F. ESTATE	A. GARDEN MULTI-FAMILY	B. TUCK-UNDER MULTI-FAMIL	C. PODIUM MULTI-FAMILY				
e Š > Min. i		> Min. 30' lot frontage; 15' min. for attached dwellings	> Min. 40' lot frontage	> Min, 55' lot frontage	> Min. 75' lot frontage	> Min. 90' lot frontage	> Min, 90' lot frontage	> Min. 50' lot frontage	> Min. 90' lot frontage	n/a	nya		
9 i > Mn. 1	60' lot depth	> Min. 70' lot depth; 60' for attached dwellings.	d > Min. 90' lot depth	> Min. 90' lot depth	> Min. 90' lot depth	> Min. 90' lot depth	> Min. 10,000 sq. ft. lot size	> Min, 10,000 sq. ft. lot size	> Min. 10,000 sq. ft. lot size			> Min. 1 acre lot size	> Min. 1 acre lot size
g > Max.	90% lot coverage	> Max. 75% lot coverage	> Max. 70% lot coverage	> Max. 55% lot coverage	> Max. 45% lot coverage	> Max. 40% lot coverage	> Max. 60% lot coverage	> Max. 75% lot coverage	> Max. 90% lot coverage	n/a	n/a	nya	> Max. 50% lot coverage
Ž S		> Attached dwellings max. 90% lot coverage					> Min. 36 sq. ft. per unit private usable open space plus min. 50 sq. ft. per unit common usable open space.	> Min. 36 sq. ft. per unit private usable open space plus min. 50 sq. ft. per unit common usable open space.	> Min. 36 sq. ft. per unit private usable open space plus min. 50 sq. ft. per unit common usable open space.				
8 8 8		and the second second second second second		and the second of the second s	> Min. setbacks for main building: 12' front, 5' each side, 20' rear. Garages are not included in rear setback calculations.	NOT AND THE THE STORMAN WALLOW A RESIDENCE OF THE STORY OF STORY AND A STORY A	are not separated by an alley,	8	are not separated by an alley,	> Min. setbacks: 0' front, 0' sides, 10' rear.	> Min. setbacks: O' front, O' sides, 10' rear.	> Min. setbacks: 0' front, 20' sides, 20' rear. Where lots not separated by an alley, buildings must have a min. 4K setback .	
ii > For α ξ 5'	orner lots, side setback min.	> For comer lots, side setbacks min. 5'	> For comer lots, side setbacks min. 6'	> For corner lots, side setback min.	> For corner lots, side setback min.		> Corner lots are considered to have two front sides	> Comer lots are considered to have two front sides	> Corner lots are considered to hav two front sides	Corner lots are considered to have two front sides	> Corner lots are considered to have two front sides	> For corner lots, side setback min. 0'	> For comer lots, side setback min. 20'.
¥ 8 9		> For attached dwellings, min. side setback = 0'					> Min. 20' setback between detache buildings on the same parcel. Min 15' setback from surface parking areas.	> Min. 20' setback between detache	d > Min. 15' setback between detache buildings on the same parcel.	&			> Where Industrial parcels abut residential uses, s setback min. 30'.
S > Pordy B enkroxi	es, bakonies and bays may h beyond front setback lines	 Porches, balconies and bays may incroach beyond front setback lines 	> Porches, balconies and bays may encroach beyond front setback lines	> Porches, balconles and bays may encroach beyond front setback lines	> Porches, balconies and bays may encroach beyond front setback lines	> Porches, balconies and bays may encroach beyond front setback lines	> Porches, balconies and bays may encroach beyond front setback lines	> Porches, balconies and bays may encroach beyond front setback lines	> Porches, balconies and bays may encroach beyond front setback lines	> Upper-story balconies and bays may encroach beyond from setback lines	t > Upper-story balconies and bays may encroach beyond fron setback lines		
	of lot frontage must have so w/in 5° of min. setback	> 60% of lot frontage must have suilding w/in 5' of min, setback	> 40% of lot frontage must have building w/in 5' of min, setback	> 40% of lot frontage must have building w/in 5' of min, setback	> 40% of lot frontage must have building w/in 5' of min, setback	> 40% of lot frontage must have building w/in 5' of min. setback	> 60% of lot frontage must have building within 5' of min. setback	> 60% of lot frontage must have building within 5' of min. setback	> 80% of lot frontage must have building within 5' of min. setback	> 75% of lot frontage must have building w/in 5' of min. setback	> 60% of loc frontage must have building w/in 5' of min. setback	> For non-retail buildings, 60% of lot frontage must hav building w/in 10' of min. setback. For retail buildings the no frontage requirement.	re is
										> Where a parcel constitutes an entire block or has three street frontages, this requirement applies to two street frontages, one of which must be the primary street.	> Where a parcel constitutes an entire block or has three street frontages, this requirement applies to two street frontages, one of which must be the primary street.	> Where a parcel constitutes an entire block or has thre street frontages, this requirement applies to two street frontages, one of which must be the primary street.	
reinforce painted s preferred are not a siding is accents a	ed cement board, stained or fr shingles, or wood boards are p d. Metal panels and plywood p allowed. Painted wood excluded, but painted and painted fiber-reinforced	einforced cement board, stained or vainted shingles, or wood boards are	painted shingles, or wood boards are preferred. Metal panels and plywood are not allowed. Painted wood siding is excluded, but painted	reinforced cement board, stained or painted shingles, or wood boards are preferred. Metal panels and plywood are not allowed. Painted wood siding is excluded, but painted	reinforced cement board, stained or painted shinoles, or wood boards are	reinforced cement board, stained or painted shingles, or wood boards are preferred. Metal panels and plywood are not allowed. Painted wood strikes is availabled by a parent.	EIFS (Exterior Insulated Finished System) are preferred. Architectural CMU is allowed as an accent. Metal panels and plywood are not allowed.	System) are preferred. Architectura CMU is allowed as an accent. Metal	EIFS (Exterior Insulated Finished System) are preferred. Architectura CMU is allowed as an accent. Metal panels and plywood are not allowed	> Siding: Brick, stone, stucco, fiber-reinforced cement board stained shingles, wood boards, metal, architectural CMU, tile, cast concrete, or EIFS (Exterior Insulated Finished System) are preferred. Plywood is not allowed. Painted wood siding is excluded, but painted accents and painted fibe reinforced cement board are allowable.	stained shingles, wood boards, metal, architectural CMU, tile, or cast concrete are preferred. Plywood is not allowed. Painted wood siding is excluded, but painted accents and	> Siding: Brick, stone, stucco, fiber-reinforced cement it, stained shingles, wood boards, metal , architectural CML cast concrete, EIFS (Exterior Insulated Finished System) stucco, or tilt-up concrete construction with textured ext surface are preferred. Plywood is not allowed. Painted wood siding is excluded, but painted accents and painted reinforced cement board are allowable.	tile, stained shingles, wood boards, metall, architectur cast concrete, EIPS (Exterior Installation Finished crior stucco, or tilt-up concrete construction with textur surface are preferred. Phywood is not allowed. If
parapet, shingles, cement,	standing seam metal or	netal shingles, standing seam metal ir cement, clay or slate tile are	metal shingles, standing seam metal or cement, day or slate tile are		> Roofing: Architectural shingles, metal shingles, standing seam metal or cement, clay or slate tile are preferred. Wood shingles are not allowed.	or cement, clay or slate tile are	> Roofing: Built up roofing with parapets, architectural shingles, metal shingles, standing seam metal or cement, clay or slate tile are preferred. Wood shingles are not allowed.	> Roofing: Built up roofing with parapets, architectural shingles, metal shingles, standing seam metal or cement, clay or slate tile are preferred. Wood shingles are not allowed.	> Roofing: Built up roofing with parapets, architectural shingles, metal shingles, standing seam metal or cement, clay or slate tile are preferred. Wood shingles are not allowed.		> Roofing: Built up roofing with parapets, architectural shingles, metal shingles, standing seam metal or cement, clay or slate tile are preferred. Wood shingles are not allowed.	> Roofing: Parapet with flat roof required. Mechanical screens required. Wood shingles are not allowed.	> Roofing: Parapet with flat roof required. Mecha screens required. Wood shingles are not allowed.
8	gable, gambrel, hip, or h	Roofs shall use gable, gambrel, ip, or mansard forms.	> Roofs shall use gable, gambrel, hip, or mansard forms.		> Roofs shall use gable, gambrel, hip, or mansard forms.	> Roofs shall use gable, gambrel, hip, or mansard forms.	> Flat roofs with parapet, gable, hip, or mansard roofs are allowable.	> Flat roofs with parapet, gable, hip, or mansard roofs are allowable.	> Flat roofs with parapet, gable, hip or mansard roofs are allowable.	, > Flat roofs with parapet, gable, hlp, or mansard roofs are allowable.	> Flat roofs with parapet, gable, hip, or mansard roofs are allowable.		
> Glazin finished	g: No reflective glass or mill > aluminum.	· Glazing: No reflective glass or mill nished aluminum.	> Glazing: No reflective glass or mill finished aluminum.	> Glazing: No reflective glass or mill finished aluminum.	> Glazing: No reflective glass or mill finished aluminum.	> Glazing: No reflective glass or mill finished aluminum.	> Glazing: No reflective glass or mill finished aluminum.	> Glazing: No reflective glass or mill finished aluminum.	> Glazing: No reflective glass or mill finished aluminum.	> Glazing: No reflective glass for residential uses. Minimum 75% visible transmittance (VT) for the ground floor, 50% for upper floor non-residential uses.	> Glazing: Minimum 75% VT ground floor, 50% upper floors.	> Glazing: Minimum 75% VT ground floor, 50% upper fl	×rs. > Glazing: Minimum 75% VT ground floor, 50% u
> Materia subject to		Materials not listed here shall be ubject to review.	> Materials not listed here shall be subject to review.	> Materials not listed here shall be subject to review.		> Materials not listed here shall be subject to review.	> Materials not listed here shall be subject to review.	> Materials not listed here shall be subject to review.	> Materials not listed here shall be subject to review.	> Materials not listed here shall be subject to review.	> Materials not listed here shall be subject to review.	> Materials not listed here shall be subject to review.	> Materials not listed here shall be subject to revie
	init requires 1 parking space, > ust be enclosed		> Each unit requires 2 parking spaces, 1 of which must be enclosed	> Each unit requires 2 parking spaces, 1 of which must be enclosed	> Each unit requires 2 parking spaces, 1 of which must be enclosed	> cast unk requires a parking spaces 1 of which must be environd	> Each unit requires 1.5 parking spaces. Parking ratio may be decreased to 1 space/3 units plus 1 space per employee for senior housing, or 1 space/unit if the building is within 1/4 mile of a LRT stop.	spaces. Parking ratio may be decreased to 1 space/3 units plus 1 space per employee for senior housing, or 1 space/unit if the	> Each unit requires 1.5 parking spaces. Parking ratio may be decreased to 1 space/3 units plus 1 space per employee for senior housing, or 1 space/unit if the building is within 1/4 mile of a LRT stop.	> Min parking ratio: 3 spaces/1000 sq. ft.	> Min parking ratio: 3 spaces/1000 sq. ft.	> Min parking ratio: 3 spaces/1000 sq. ft.	> Min parking ratio: 2 spaces/1000 sq. ft.
8	rs gryngrygg goossoob binn vilkin.	Daviding manage march a march					> Shared parking is allowed	> Shared parking is allowed	> Shared parking is allowed	> Shared parking is allowed	> Shared parking is allowed	> Shared parking is allowed	
s > Parking accessed	b	y alley or common drive.			by alley, side, or front drive			> Parking spaces may be accessed from alley or side drive	> Parking areas may be accessed from street or alley		> Unless fully below grade, parking areas shall not be located between buildings and the street.		
and W	8			require 1 parking space. Side drive-	require 1 parking space. Side drive-	 Alley-accessed anciliary units require 1 parking space. Side drive- accessed anciliary units may park on- street. 	> Parking areas shall not be located between buildings and the street.		> Unless fully below grade, parking areas shall not be located between buildings and the street.	> Side area parking lots must exceed the building setback by at least 10°. Side area parking shall never be located on a block comer.	> Side area parking lots must not project in front of the building facade. Side area parking shall never be located on a block corner.		
ñ	\$			8 · · · · · ·	g.			Addition	30000000000000000000000000000000000000				
S	\$\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			45% of primary facade, and must be	> Front-loaded garages may be max. 40% of primary facade, and must be recessed 5' behind the primary facade.	40% of primary facade, and must be recessed 5' behind the primary	Skle area parking lots must exceed the building setback by at least 10'. Side area parking shall never be located on a block corper.			> The ground floor of street-facing parking structures must be screened by inhabited space.	> The ground floor of street-facing parking structures must be screened by inhabited space.		

#1 (as described in the Boundary Description included on Sheets 1 and 2 of this Master Subdivision Plat), to govern all future development, improvement or alterations of said land or improvements thereon, and to run with said land in perpetuity and be binding on existing and successive owners and interest holders of said land.

Calthorpe Associates		
URBAN DESIGNERS		
PLANNERS ARCHITECTS	Α	Issue for S
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			SHEET NUMBER	PLANNING COMMISSION
			4 of 6	APPROVED THIS 14 TE DAY OF
			SCALE	
			NA	SOUTH JORDAN CITY PLANNING COMMISSION
 Issue for South Jordan Signature	KJW	5/03/02	PROJECT NUMBER	CAC.
Revisions	Ву	Date		CHAIRMAN, SOUTH JORDAN PLANNING COMM.

PLANNING COMMISSION	HEALTH
APPROVED THIS / DAY OF	APPROVED AS TO FORM THIS
	DAY OF A.D., 20
SOUTH JORDAN CITY PLANNING COMMISSION.	
EAC.	
CHAIRMAN, SOUTH JORDAN PLANNING COMM.	DIRECTOR, SALT LAKE CO. BOARD OF HEALTH

SOUTH JORDAN CITY ENGINEER I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS OFFICE HAS EXAMINED THIS PLAT AND IT IS CORRECT IN ACCORDANCE WITH INFORMATION ON FILE IN THIS OFFICE.

SOUTH JORDAN CITY ENGINEER

APPROVAL AS TO FORM

SOUTH JORDAN CITY COUNCIL

CITY RECORDER

PRESENTED TO THE SOUTH JORDAN CITY COUNCIL THIS _____ DAY PLAT WAS APPROVED AND ACCEPTED.

A TRACT OF LAND SITUATED IN SECTIONS 18 AND 19, TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH, RANGE 1 WEST, AND SECTIONS 13 14, 15, 22, 23 AND 24, TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH, RANGE 2 WEST, SALT LAKE BASE AND MERIDIAN SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH RECORDED #8376820

STATE OF UTAH, COUNTY OF SALT LAKE, RECORDED AND FILED AT THE REQUEST OF : SOUTH JORDAN

#301:00

KENNECOTT DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS MATRIX OPEN SPACE SYSTEM

KENNECOTT MASTER SUBDIVISION #1

***	INTENT	RIPARIAN/STREAM	NATIVE HILLSIDES	TRANSPORTATION CORRIDOR	PARKWAYS	REGIONAL PARK	NEIGHBORHOOD PARKS	POCKET PARKS
PRICE	■ The open space system is an integrated network of natural and man-made landscapes. This network provides for many differing landscape typologies that range from existing stream corridors to manicured neighborhood parks. Each landscape typology is connected with the others through a comprehensive on and off-street trail and pathway system. The design of open space system seeks to express the environmental and cultural conditions of the community.	■ The riparian/stream zone is located along the Bingham Creek corridor. The zone will be characterized by enhanced riparian vegetation along the existing stream bed and existing and enhanced native or drought-tolerant species. Areas outside of the immediate stream corridor may be used as irrigated park lands. The corridor will be used for low-impact human recreation and relaxation. The corridor will also accommodate wildlife movement and provide habitat.	■ The native hillside zones are located on hillside slopes. The zones will be characterized by native or naturalized grasses and shrubs. Tree species appropriate for this landscape type may be used. Existing grasslands may be enhanced and/or restored to increase biodiversity and create wildlife habitat. The hillside zones may also be used for low-impact human recreation and relaxation.	■ The transportation corridor zone is defined by the north/south transportation corridor right-of-way boundaries and the buffer lands between highway and the community. The corridor shall be predominantly planted with native or drought-tolerant plant species. Irrigated, omamental plantings are allowed at entries to the community and at the base of bridge abutments. Plantings are intended to enhance aesthetics and to buffer surrounding uses from the highway.	■ Parkways are wide open space corridors that are bounded by community streets. Parkways will be planted primarily with native or drought-tolerant plants. Irrigated, manicured active recreation areas and parks are allowed and encouraged. Parkways accommodate small game wildlife movement by linking habitat areas and enhance storm water management by retaining and detaining surface runoff in constructed wetlands. The community trail system utilizes parkways to link major open space components and urban centers.	Regional parks will accommodate a variety of uses from active recreational playfields to passive recreational walking trails and picnic areas. Regional parks will serve the entire community. They will function as urban parks with associated playfields and activities. The landscape shall be primarily planted with irrigated, ornamental species in the active recreation areas including turf grasses and specimen trees. Passive recreation areas shall be primarily planted with non-irrigated native or drought-tolerant species except where irrigated areas are required for specific uses. Commercial uses such as vending and retail kiosks are allowed in regional parks	■ Neighborhood parks are 1 to 2-acre parks located throughout the community in neighborhood centers. Neighborhood parks may share parking, open space, and other common amenities with neighborhood schools and churches. Commercial uses such as vending and retail kiosks are allowed in neighborhood parks.	■ Pocket parks are 1/3 to 1/2-acre parks located throughout the community in neighborhood centers. Pocket parks are organized around one or two distinct uses and provide relaxation and recreation opportunities for community residents. Pocket parks may be mostly urban with hard paving and trees in tree grates or may be irrigated gardens. Commercial uses such as vending and retail klosks are allowed in pocket parks.
LOCATIONAL	■ Diagrams are for illustrative purposes only.							
LANDSCAPING	■ To develop a variety of landscape types that reflects the respective natural and cultural contexts of the development and is appropriate to environmental conditions.	 Riparian vegetation shall predominate near the existing stream bed if it can be supported by existing ground water conditions. The remainder of the riparian zone shall be predominately existing native plant materials. Native or drought-tolerant vegetation that is conducive to creating diverse wildlife habitat shall be used when revegetating disturbed areas within this zone. If ground water conditions allow, riparian trees such as willows or cottonwoods may be planted to enhance or restore the riparian character of the existing stream corridor. Areas outside of the direct stream bed may be used as irrigated parkland. Constructed wetlands, including open water areas, are allowed for the treatment and retention or detention of storm water. Native and drought-tolerant plants may require temporary irrigation in order to become established. 	 Existing native grasses and shrubs shall predominate in the native hillside zones. Tree species adapted to local environmental conditions and slope aspects may be used on native hillsides for wildlife habitat, visual screening, and landscape variety. Constructed wetlands, including open water areas, are allowed for the treatment and retention or detention of storm water. Irrigated ornamental landscape treatments are allowed where this zone meets community entry streets and should reflect the landscape character of the adjacent communities. Constructed water features, including open water areas, are allowed at these entry points. Native or drought-tolerant plants may require temporary irrigation in order to become established. 	 ■ Native or drought and salt-tolerant vegetation shall predominate along the transportation comidor. Tree species adapted to local environmental conditions and slope aspects may be used for small game wildlife habitat, visual screening, and landscape variety. ■ Irrigated, ornamental landscape treatments are allowed at entries and intersections and should reflect the landscape character of the adjacent communities. ■ Bridge abutments may be screened and softened with native or drought-tolerant vegetation or irrigated ornamental plantings. ■ Native or drought-tolerant plants may require temporary irrigation in order to become established. 	 Parkways may be used as vegetative windbreak spines. Vegetative windbreaks reduce wind velocities at ground level. Active recreation areas may include irrigated turf grass play areas and ornamental plantings. Street tree spacing shall be consistent within individual blocks. Shrubs and hedges in streetside planters shall not exceed 30" high. Constructed wetlands, including open water areas, are allowed for the treatment and retention or detention of storm water. Native or drought-tolerant plants may require temporary irrigation for establishment. 	 Active recreation areas may be irrigated. Active recreation areas may include turf grasses and ornamental plantings. Passive recreation areas should be primarily non-irrigated native or drought tolerant species. Constructed wetlands, including open water areas, are allowed for the treatment and retention or detention of storm water. Regional parks may include large open water bodies constructed for fishing, light boating, and other recreational uses, excluding swimming. 	 Neighborhood parks may include active or passive recreation areas of irrigated turf grasses and ornamental plantings. Landscape character should match scale and character of the neighborhood. Neighborhood parks should be combined with schoolyards wherever possible. Constructed wetlands, including open water areas, are allowed for the treatment and retention or detention of storm water. 	 ■ Pocket parks may include irrigated turf grasses and ornamental plantings. ■ Landscape character should match scale and character of the neighborhood.
9 2 0 2 14 14	■ To ensure fencing complements building types through the use of compatible materials of comparable quality, aesthetics, and durability.	 Fencing shall be visibly penetrable (screen fencing is exempt from this requirement). Fencing should not impede the movement of wildlife through the corridor. Fences may be used to screen undesirable views and/or adjacent land uses. Fencing used for screening may be opaque and may be as tall as necessary to perform its function. Fencing shall reflect the landscape character of this zone in materials, style, and color. Fencing should recede into the landscape and not be visually dominant. 	 Fencing in this landscape type shall be visibly penetrable (screen fencing is exempt from this requirement). Fencing should not impede the movement of wildlife through the corridor. Fencing may be used in this zone to screen undesirable views and/or adjacent land uses. Fencing used as screens may be opaque and may be as tall as necessary to perform their function. Fencing shall reflect the landscape character of this zone in materials, style, and color. Fencing should recede into the landscape and not be visually dominant. 	■ Fencing shall reflect adjacent architectural character in material, style, and color including R.O.W. fencing and safety fencing.	 All service areas shall be screened with opaque fences or walls. Fences used as screens may be as tall as necessary to perform their function. Fences and walls shall match open space character in materials and style. No fencing in parkways is allowed other than service screening and safety fencing. 	 All service areas shall be screened with opaque fences or walls. Fences used as screens may be as tall as necessary to perform their function. Fences and walls shall match community character in materials and style. Chainlink fencing is allowed only at active recreation ballfields for spectator safety. 	 All service areas shall be screened with opaque fences or walls. Fences used as screens may be as tall as necessary to perform their function. Fences and walls shall match associated architecture in materials and style. No chainlink fencing is allowed around schoolyards. Chainlink fencing is allowed only at active recreation ballfields for spectator safety. 	 All service areas shall be screened with opaque fences or walls. Fences used as screens may be as tall as necessary to perform their function. Fences and walls shall match associated architecture in materials and style.
S	To ensure that lighting has a pedestrian-scaled ambiance, provides for public safety, minimizes light pollution, and protects the night sky.	 Lighting may occur only along trails and pathways for safety purposes. Only low-level lighting with cut-offs is allowed in the riparian/stream zone. Cut-offs protect adjacent uses from light source spillage and protect the night sky from light pollution. 	 Lighting may occur only along trails or pathways for safety purposes. Only low-level lighting with cut-offs is allowed in these visually sensitive hillside zones. Cut-offs protect adjacent uses from light source spillage and protect the night sky from light pollution. 	 Lighting located on bridge crossing should be similar to South Jordan City standards as of 2002 to provide street continuity between the two sides of the community. Highway lighting should employ cut-offs to minimize light pollution and focus light on the highway. Lighting standards should be similar in style and character to South Jordan City standards as of February 2002. 	 Lighting style should be similar to South Jordan City standards as of February 2002. Only low-level lighting for pedestrian safety is allowed along internal pathways and trails. 	 Only low-level pedestrian-scaled lighting is allowed along pathways/trails and at public facilities. Lighting fixtures shall reflect community character in materials, style, and color. Active playfields and courts may be lighted with shielded lighting to minimize off-site light pollution. 	 Only low-level pedestrian-scaled lighting is allowed along pathways and trails and at public facilities. Lighting standards should be similar in style and character to South Jordan City standards as of February 2002. 	■ Lighting standards should be similar in style and character to South Jordan City standards as of February 2002.
FURNITURE	■ To ensure outdoor furniture enhances the enjoyment of public spaces and complements its location through the use of compatible materials of similar quality and durability.	■ Outdoor furniture shall reflect the landscape character of this zone in materials, style, and color. Outdoor furniture in irrigated parkland areas should match neighborhood park furniture.	■ Outdoor furniture shall reflect open space or community character in materials, style, and color.	 Outdoor furniture shall reflect community character in materials, style, and color. Bridge railings should match community character. 	 Outdoor furniture shall reflect community character in materials, style, and color. Bench seating shall be located at convenient locations along trails and at civic nodes. 	 Outdoor furniture shall reflect community character in materials, style, and color. Bench seating shall be located at convenient locations along trails and at civic nodes. 	 Outdoor furniture shall reflect community character in materials, style, and color. Bench seating shall be located at convenient locations along trails and at civic nodes. 	■ Outdoor furniture shall reflect community character in materials, style, and color.

The Kennecott Development Standards Matrix on Sheets 4 through 6 of this Kennecott Master Subdivision #1, are intended by the City of South Jordan and OM Enterprises Company, the owner of the land identified as Kennecott Master Subdivision #1 (as described in the Boundary Description included on Sheets 1 and 2 of this Master Subdivision Plat), to govern all future development, improvement or alterations of said land or improvements thereon, and to run with said land in

perpetuity and be binding on existing and successive owners and interest holders of said land.

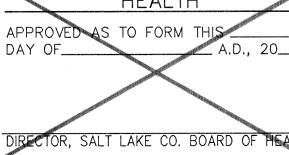
NDESIGN WEST
DESIGNWORKSHOP Landscape Architecture • Land Planning • Urban Design • Tourism Planning

A Issue for South Jordan Signature | KJW | 5/03/02 By Date

SHEET NUMBER 5 of 6 SCALE

PLANNING COMMISSION SOUTH JORDAN CITY PLANNING COMMISSION. PROJECT NUMBER

CHAIRMAN, SOUTH JORDAN PLANNING COMM.



SOUTH JORDAN CITY ENGINEER I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS OFFICE HAS EXAMINED THIS PLAT AND IT IS CORRECT IN ACCORDANCE WITH INFORMATION ON FILE IN THIS OFFICE.

Leser W. Clause

APPROVAL AS TO FORM APPROVED AS TO FORM THIS 725

DAY OF May A.D., 2002

SOUTH JORDAN CITY COUNCIL

PRESENTED TO THE SOUTH JORDAN CITY COUNCIL THIS ______ DAY OF______, A.D. _______, AT WHICH TIME THIS PLAT WAS APPROVED AND ACCEPTED.

Candia tongural CITY RECORDER

KENNECOTT MASTER SUBDIVISION #1

A TRACT OF LAND SITUATED IN SECTIONS 18 AND 19, TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH, RANGE 1 WEST, AND SECTIONS 13 14, 15, 22, 23 AND 24, TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH, RANGE 2 WEST, SALT LAKE BASE AND MERIDIAN SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH

RECORDED # 8376820

STATE OF UTAH, COUNTY OF SALT LAKE, RECORDED AND FILED AT THE REQUEST OF : SOUTH JORDAN

CHIEF DEPUTY SALT LAKE COUNTY RECORDER

SOUTH JORDAN CITY ENGINEER

KENNECOTT DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS MATRIX CIRCULATION SYSTEM

KENNECOTT MASTER SUBDIVISION #1

	INTENT	TOWN CENTER STREETS	BOULEVARDS	LOCAL STREETS	ALLEYS	TRAILS, WALKS, & BIKEWAYS	PARKING & ACCESS	TRAFFIC CALMING
PRINCIPLES	■ The circulation system is the overarching organizing system of the community. It is composed of a hierarchical network of differing street and trail types along with associated traffic calming devices and parking areas. The circulation system provides visual and physical continuity between land use areas. Landscape treatments of the circulation system range from native planting that reflect the community's context in a high desert to more refined irrigated treatments near centers.	■ The public domain of town center streets is characterized by urban hardscape qualities and bounded by ground floor uses that are typically commercial - either retail or office. Trees are generally planted in tree grates in sidewalks and shrubs, flower, and other plants are located in planting containers such as pots, boxes, or raised seating planters.	■ Boulevards are community streets that incorporate the use of planted medians to separate traffic flow direction and provide a pleasant driving experience. Medians on boulevards may be 20' or greater in width.	■ Local streets form the primary vehicular and pedestrian system within neighborhoods. Local streets shall be planted with street tees. On-street parking is encouraged on local streets.	■ Alleys are used to allow vehicular access to rear yards and garages and to accommodate city services such as garbage collection.	■ The trail, walk, and bikeway system flows through all of the landscape types in the community. Trails and their associated furnishings shall meet the landscaping, fencing, lighting, and outdoor furniture requirements for each landscape type.	■ Parking areas within the community shall be screened with landscaping, fencing, or both. Landscape treatments for parking areas should be compatible with the surrounding landscape type in order to fit as seamlessly as possible into the community structure. The intent of landscape and screening efforts is to minimize the visual presence of asphalt and cars and to reduce heat islands in the community.	■ A variety of traffic calming and control devices may be employed in the community to slow traffic, increase pedestrian safety, and increase traffic flow efficiency. Traffic calming devices include traffic circles, bulb-outs, changes of pavement materials at pedestrian crossings, and raised intersections. Traffic control mechanisms may include roundabouts, couplets, signals, and signs.
LOCATIONAL	■ Diagrams are for illustrative purposes only.							
SECTIONAL	■ Diagrams are for illustrative purposes only.	8115 8115 8115						
LANDSCAPING	■ To develop a variety of landscape types that reflects the respective natural and cultural contexts of the development and is appropriate to environmental conditions.	■ Street tree spacing along town center streets shall be consistent within individual blocks. ■ Street trees shall be located in tree grates and integrated into town center sidewalk systems. ■ Shrubs, hedges, and grasses in street planters within 10' of the back of street curb shall not to exceed 30" height in order to preserve visual connections from sidewalk to street.	 Medians shall be primarily planted with native or drought-tolerant vegetation. Active recreation areas may be located in boulevard medians and may be planted with irrigated turf grasses and omamental species. Boulevards may be planted with tall tree species that can act as windbreaks. Street tree spacing shall be consistent within individual blocks. Tree lawns may be turf (irrigated), native or drought-tolerant grasses (non-irrigated), or low, durable groundcovers. Tree lawn landscape treatments shall be consistent within individual blocks. Constructed wetlands, including open water areas, are allowed in boulevard medians for the treatment and retention or detention of storm water. 	 ■ Street tree spacing along local streets shall be consistent within individual blocks. ■ Tree lawns between sidewalk and street edge shall be turf (irrigated), native or drought-tolerant grasses (non-irrigated), or low, durable groundcovers. Tree lawn landscape treatments shall be consistent within individual blocks. 	■ Landscape plantings may be used to give visual relief to alleys.	 Bikeways located on-street shall meet AASHTO standards at time of construction. Tree plantings along bikeway alignments in open space areas must be set back from pavement edge a minimum of 4'. Trails and bikeways may be a combination of hard paving and soft paving to accommodate diverse user groups such as bikers and runners. Separate trails systems are allowed in open space areas for incompatible uses such as biking and horseback riding. A minimum 3' buffer is required between trail systems. Walking trails in natural areas may be as narrow as 4' and have a soft surface such as pea gravel, crusher fines, or bark mulch. 	 Tree plantings shall be planted in a grid pattern to maximize shade, enhance the parking experience, and reduce the visual impact of the parking area. In areas where parking abuts a street, a minimum landscape buffer zone of 10' is required between the parking area and the parking area side of the street sidewalk. Buffer plantings species shall match the surrounding landscape type. Bio-swales shall be used between parking rows where possible and planted with grasses and shrubs suited to storm water treatment. Small parking areas may be allowed for access to public trails and parks in the riparian/stream zone. On-street angled, perpendicular, and/or parallel parking is allowed on town center streets, boulevards, and local streets. On-street parking is prohibited in alleys. 	 Bulb-outs at intersections and pedestrian crossings shall be planted with street trees. Trees shall be pruned to ensure driver visibility. Plantings in traffic calming areas may be native or drought-tolerant plants or irrigated ornamental plants. Planting types should reflect the surrounding landscape type. Shrub and grass plantings in traffic calming areas shall preserve driver visibility and maximize safety. Constructed wetlands for the treatment and retention or detention of storm water are allowed in traffic calming areas.
FENCENG	■ To ensure fencing complements building types through the use of compatible materials of comparable quality, aesthetics, and durability.	 All service areas shall be screened from the public domain with opaque fences or walls. Fences used as screens may be as tall as necessary to perform their function. Fences and walls shall match associated architecture in materials and style. Sidewalk dining fences shall be visually non-obtrusive and shall not exceed 3' in height. 	 Front yard and sideyard fencing on fee simple residential parcels shall not exceed 3' in height. Fencing shall reflect architectural character in materials, style, and color. Fencing for rear yard privacy may be up to 6' in height and may be of opaque construction. Rear yard privacy fencing that parallels boulevards shall be of consistent materials, color, height, and style for a minimum of four continuous blocks. No fencing in boulevard medians is allowed other than service screening and safety fencing. 	 Front yard and sideyard fencing on individual residential parcels shall not to exceed 3' in height. Fencing shall reflect architectural character in materials, style, and color. Fencing for rear yard privacy may be up to 6' in height and may be of opaque construction. Rear yard privacy fencing that parallels local streets shall be of consistent materials, color, height, and style within individual blocks. 	 Fencing style shall match architectural character in materials, style, and color. Fencing for rear yard privacy may be up to 6' in height and may be of opaque construction. All service areas shall be screened from the public domain with opaque fences or walls. Fences used as screens may be as tall as necessary to perform their function. 	Any fencing located near trails shall be offset a minimum of 4' from the edge of trail pavement surface. Fencing style shall match requirements for the landscape typology where the trail is located.	■ Fencing used to screen parking shall reflect the surrounding landscape type in materials, style, and color.	■ No fencing shall be allowed in traffic calming areas.
TIGHTING.	To ensure that lighting has a pedestrian-scaled ambiance, provides for public safety, minimizes light pollution, and protects the night sky.	■ Lighting standards should be similar in style and character to South Jordan City standards as of February 2002. ■ Light levels to be conducive to pedestrian comfort and safety.	 Lighting standards should be similar in style and character to South Jordan City standards as of February 2002. Only low-level lighting for pedestrian safety is allowed along pathway and trail alignments within boulevard medians. 	■ Lighting standards should be similar in style and character to South Jordan City standards as of February 2002.	■ Only low level lighting for pedestrian safety and property security is allowed in alleys.	■ Lighting style shall match requirements for the landscape typology where the trail is located. ■ Only low-level lighting for pedestrian safety is allowed along pathways and trails.	■ Lighting standards should be similar in style and character to South Jordan City standards as of February 2002.	■ Lighting standards should be similar in style and character to South Jordan City standards as of February 2002. ■ Accent lighting may be used at traffic calming areas to ensure pedestrian safety.
FURNITURE	■ To ensure outdoor furniture enhances the enjoyment of public spaces and complements its location through the use of compatible materials of similar quality and durability.	■ Transit stops (light rail and bus) shall reflect the community architectural character and be the same throughout the entire community in order to establish their identity and legibility. ■ Outdoor furniture shall reflect community character in materials, style, and color.	 ■ Transit stops (light rail and bus) shall reflect the community architectural character and be the same throughout the entire community in order to establish their identity and legibility. ■ Outdoor furniture shall reflect community character in materials, style, and color. 	Outdoor furniture shall reflect community character in materials, style, and color.		 Bench seating shall be located along trails and at civic nodes. Furniture style shall match requirements for the landscape typology where the trail is located. 	Outdoor furniture shall reflect community character in materials, style, and color.	■ Outdoor fumiture shall reflect community character in materials, style, and color.

The Kennecott Development Standards Matrix on Sheets 4 through 6 of this Kennecott Master Subdivision #1, are intended by the City of South Jordan and OM Enterprises Company, the owner of the land identified as Kennecott Master Subdivision #1 (as described in the Boundary Description included on Sheets 1 and 2 of this Master Subdivision Plat), to govern all future development, improvement or alterations of said land or improvements thereon, and to run with said land in perpetuity and be binding on existing and successive owners and interest holders of said land.

KENNECOTT MASTER SUBDIVISION #1

A TRACT OF LAND SITUATED IN SECTIONS 18 AND 19, TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH, RANGE 1 WEST, AND SECTIONS 13 14, 15, 22, 23 AND 24, TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH, RANGE 2 WEST, SALT LAKE BASE AND MERIDIAN SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH



SHEET NUMBER

6 OF 6

SCALE

NA

A Issue for South Jordan Signature

No. Revisions

By Date

SHEET NUMBER

PROJECT NUMBER

NA

PLANNING COMMISSION

APPROVED THIS DAY OF

A.D., BY THE

SOUTH JORDAN CITY PLANNING COMMISSION

CHAIRMAN, SOUTH JORDAN PLANNING COMM.

SOUTH JORDAN CITY ENGINEER

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS OFFICE HAS EXAMINED THIS PLAT AND IT IS CORRECT IN ACCORDANCE WITH INFORMATION ON FILE IN THIS OFFICE.

5/9/02 Lesio W. Clauson
DATE SOUTH JORDAN CITY ENGINEER

	APPROVED AS TO FORM THIS 1729
	DAY OF May A.D., 7002
	face lugson
_	SOUTH JORDAN CITY ATTORNEY

APPROVAL AS TO FORM

SOUTH JORDAN CITY COUNCIL

PRESENTED TO THE SOUTH JORDAN CITY COUNCIL THIS ________ DA

OF ________, A.D. ________, AT WHICH TIME THIS

PLAT WAS APPROVED AND ACCEPTED.

CITY RECORDER MAYOR, CITY OF SOUTH JORDAN

RECORDED # 8376820

STATE OF UTAH, COUNTY OF SALT LAKE, RECORDED AND FILED AT THE REQUEST OF:

DATE: 10/4/2002 TIME: 3:16PM BOOK: 2002-P PAGE: 273