When recorded return to: West Temple Towns 9948 S Redwood Road, Suite B South Jordan, UT 84095 12862319 10/5/2018 10:26:00 AM \$55.00 Book - 10719 Pg - 1601-1614 ADAM GARDINER Recorder, Salt Lake County, UT SURETY TITLE BY: eCASH, DEPUTY - EF 14 P.

### **BYLAWS OF**

### West Temple Towns Homeowner's Association Inc.,

#### Tax ID:

15-25-431-024, 15-25-431-025, 15-25-431-026, 15-25-431-027, 15-25-431-028, 15-25-431-029, 15-25-431-030, 15-25-431-031, 15-25-431-032, 15-25-431-033, 15-25-431-034, 15-25-431-035, 15-25-431-036, 15-25-431-037, 15-25-431-038, 15-25-431-039, 15-25-431-040, 15-25-431-041, 15-25-431-042, 15-25-431-043.

### **COURTESY RECORDING**

This document is being recorded solely as a courtesy and an accommodation to the parties named therein. SURETY TITLE AGENCY hereby expressly disclaims any responsibility or liability for the accuracy of the content thereof.

These BYLAWS OF WEST TEMPLE TOWNS HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC., are effective upon recording in the Salt Lake County Recorder's Office pursuant to the Utah Condominium Ownership Act and the Utah Revised Nonprofit Corporation Act (referred collectively herein as the "Acts").

#### **RECITALS**

- 1. The Association is organized for all lawful purposes for which a nonprofit corporation may be organized under the Utah Revised Nonprofit Corporation Act, as amended, subject to the terms and conditions contained in the Declaration and Articles of Incorporation.
- 2. These Bylaws are adopted to complement the Declaration, to further define the rights of the Association and the Owners, to provide for the ability to effectively govern and operate the Association and the project known as West Temple Towns according to applicable laws, and to further the Association's efforts to safely, efficiently, and economically provide a quality living environment.

# ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS, NAME, AND INFORMATION

Except as otherwise provided herein or as may be required by the context, all capitalized terms used in the Bylaws shall have the same meaning and effect as used and defined in the Declaration of Condominium for West Temple Towns.

## ARTICLE II APPLICATION

All present and future Owners, Lenders, Occupants, and their invitees and guests, and any other persons who may use the facilities of the Project in any manner are subject to these Bylaws, the Declaration, and Rules. The mere acquisition or rental of any of the Units, or the mere act of occupancy or use of any said Units or the Common Areas will signify that these Bylaws, the Declaration, and the Rules are accepted, ratified, and will be complied with by said persons.

# ARTICLE III OWNERS

- Annual Meetings. The Annual Meeting of the Owners shall be held each year on a day and at a time established by the Board. The day and/or time of the Annual Meeting may vary from year-to-year. The purpose of the Annual Meeting shall be electing Board Members and transacting such other business as may come before the meeting. If the election of Board Members cannot be held on the day designated herein for the Annual Meeting of the Owners, or at any adjournment thereof, the Board shall cause the election to be held either at a Special Meeting of the Owners to be convened as soon thereafter as may be convenient or at the next Annual Meeting of the Owners. The Board may from time to time by resolution change the month, date, and time for the Annual Meeting of the Owners. Annual Meetings shall not be required during the Period of Declarant Control, but the Declarant may hold Annual Meetings at its discretion.
- 3.2 <u>Special Meetings</u>. Special Meetings of the Owners may be called by a majority of the Board, the Declarant, the President, or upon the written request of Owners holding not less than forty percent (40%) of the voting interests of the Association. Any written request for a Special Meeting presented by the Owners shall be delivered to the President and shall include the original signature of each Owner affirmatively supporting such request along with a complete statement of the purpose of the meeting on

each page containing signatures. The President shall then call, provide notice of, and conduct a Special Meeting within 45 days of receipt of the request. During the Period of Declarant Control, Special Meetings may only be called by the Declarant.

- 3.3 <u>Agenda</u>. Neither the Board nor the Owners are required to vote upon an issue raised by any person. It is within the discretion of the Board to determine which items will be discussed and/or voted upon.
- 3.4 <u>Place of Meetings</u>. The Board may designate any place in Salt Lake County that is reasonably convenient for the Owners as the place of meeting for any Annual or Special Meeting. If no designation is made, or if a Special Meeting is otherwise called, the place of the meeting shall be held at the office of the Association.
- Notice of Meetings. The Board shall cause written or printed notice of the date, time, and place (and in the case of a Special Meeting, the purpose or purposes) for all Owner meetings. Such written or printed notice shall be delivered to each Owner of record entitled to vote at such meeting not more than sixty (60) nor less than ten (10) days prior to the meeting. Such notice may be sent via email, text, hand-delivery, or regular mail. If sent by email or text, such notice shall be deemed delivered and effective on the date transmitted to the Owner's email address or telephone number registered with the Association. If mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be delivered and effective on the date deposited in the U.S. mail if addressed to the Owner's address registered with the Association. Each Owner shall register with the Association such Owner's current email address, phone number, and mailing address for purposes of notice hereunder. Such registered email, phone number, and mailing address may be changed from time to time by notice in writing to the Association. If no address is registered with the Association, an Owner's Residence shall be deemed to be the Owner's registered address and notice to the Residence address may be made by first-class mail or by posting the meeting notice on the front door. An Owner may opt out of receiving notices from the Association via email or text by giving written notice to the Board stating that the Owner will not accept notices by way of email or text.
- 3.6 <u>Qualified Voters</u>. An Owner shall be deemed to be in "good standing" and "entitled to vote" at any meeting of the Association if he or she has fully paid his or her share of any Assessment (together with any interest and/or late fees) at least 48 hours prior to the commencement of the meeting.
- 3.7 Record Date for Notice Purposes. The Board may designate a record date, which shall not be more than sixty (60) nor less than fifteen (15) days prior to the meeting, for the purpose of determining Owners entitled to notice of any meeting of the Owners. If no record date is designated, the last date on which a notice of the meeting is mailed or delivered shall be deemed to be the record date for determining Owners entitled to notice. The persons or entities appearing in the records of the Association on such record date as the Owner(s) of record of Units in the Project shall be deemed to be the Owners of record entitled to notice of the meeting of the Owners.
- 3.8 Quorum. At any meeting of the Owners, the presence of Owners and holders of proxies entitled to cast more than thirty-three percent (33%) of the voting interests of the Association shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. If, however, such quorum shall not be present or represented at any meeting, the Board of Directors shall have power to adjourn the meeting and reschedule for a time not earlier than twenty-four (24) hours, nor later than thirty (30) days after the set time for the original meeting. Notice of such rescheduled meeting shall not be required except an oral announcement at the meeting to be rescheduled. No other type of notice shall be required for the rescheduled meeting. The presence of Owners and holders of proxies entitled to cast more than twenty percent (20%) of the voting interests of the Association shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at the rescheduled meeting.
- 3.9 <u>Proxies</u>. At each meeting of the Owners, each Owner entitled to vote shall be entitled to vote in person or by proxy, though the right to vote by proxy shall exist only where the instrument authorizing

such proxy to act shall have been signed by the Owner or by the Owner's attorney. A proxy may be written on paper or received via email, facsimile, text, or any other electronic or physical means. A signature as required herein shall mean any indication that the document is from and consented to by the person who is purported to have sent it. If a Unit is jointly owned, the instrument authorizing a proxy to act may be executed by any one (1) Owner of such Unit or the Owners' attorneys when duly authorized in writing. A proxy given by an Owner to any person who represents the Owner at meetings of the Association shall be in writing, dated, and signed by such Owner. Such instrument authorizing a proxy to act shall set forth the specific matters or issues upon which the proxy is authorized to act, and may allow the proxy to vote on any issue arising at any particular meeting or meetings. Proxies shall be filed with the Secretary (or with such other officer or person who may be acting as secretary of the meeting) before the meeting is called to order. The Secretary shall record all proxies in the meeting minutes.

- 3.10 <u>Votes</u>. With respect to each matter submitted to a vote of the Owners, each Owner entitled to vote at the meeting shall have the right to cast, in person or by proxy, the number of votes appertaining to the Unit of such Owner, as shown in the Declaration. The affirmative vote of a majority of the votes entitled to be cast by the Owners present or represented by proxy at a meeting at which a quorum was initially present shall be necessary for the adoption of any matter voted on by the Owner, unless a greater proportion is required by the Articles of Incorporation, these Bylaws, or the Declaration. When a Unit is jointly owned, any Owner may exercise the vote for such Unit on behalf of all Co-Owners of the Unit. In the event of two (2) conflicting votes by Co-Owners of one (1) Unit, no vote shall be counted for that Unit. In no event shall fractional or cumulative votes be exercised with respect to any Unit.
- 3.11 <u>Waiver of Irregularities</u>. All inaccuracies and irregularities in calls or notices of meetings and in the manner of voting, in the form of proxies and the method of ascertaining Owners present, and in the decision and votes of the Board of Directors or of the Owners shall be deemed waived if no objection is made either at the meeting or within thirty (30) days of the date of the meeting, or within 30 days of notice of any decision by the Board of Directors. The presence of an Owner in person at any meeting of the Owners shall be deemed a waiver on any notice requirements.
- 3.12 <u>Action Taken Without a Meeting</u>. Owners have the right to take any action in the absence of a meeting which they could take at a meeting by obtaining the written approval of Owners in accordance with the requirements of U.C.A. § 16-6a-707 or § 16-6a-709 and any other applicable section of the Acts. Any action so approved shall have the same effect as though taken at an Owner meeting. Ballots or written consents may be obtained via any electronic or physical means including but not limited to email, facsimile, text, or paper document.

#### ARTICLE IV BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- 4.1 <u>General Powers</u>. The Project and the affairs and business of the Association shall be managed by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may exercise business judgment and all the powers of the Association, whether derived from the Declaration, these Bylaws, the Articles, or the Acts except such powers that the Declaration, these Bylaws, the Articles, and the Acts vest solely in the Owners. The Board may never delegate more power than possessed by the Board.
- 4.2 <u>Number and Qualifications</u>. The property, business, and affairs of the Association shall be governed and managed by a Board of Directors composed of five (5) persons who meet the qualifications provided in the Declaration. Board Members must be at least 18 years old and must be an Owner or the spouse of an Owner of a Lot in the Project. If an Owner is a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or trust, an officer, partner, member, manger, agent, trustee, or beneficiary of such Owner may be a Board Member. During the Period of Declarant Control, the Qualification

requirements of these Bylaws shall not apply and the Board may consist of as few as one (1) person appointed by the Declarant.

- 4.3 <u>Election</u>. During the Period of Declarant Control, the Board Members shall be appointed by Declarant. Following the Period of Declarant Control, the Owners shall elect the Board of Directors. At such election, the Owners or their proxies may cast, with respect to each vacancy, as many votes as they are entitled to exercise under the provisions of the Declaration. The persons receiving the largest number of votes shall be elected. Cumulative voting is not permitted.
- 4.4 <u>Term of Office</u>. During the Period of Declarant Control, Board Member terms shall be determined exclusively by Declarant. Following the Period of Declarant Control, the Owners shall elect three (3) Board Members for two (2) year terms and two (2) Board Members for one (1) year terms, and at each Annual Meeting thereafter, the Owners shall elect the number of Board Members whose terms are to expire for a term of two (2) years each.
- 4.5 <u>Regular Meetings</u>. The Board shall hold meetings at least quarterly at the discretion of the Board. During the Period of Declarant Control, Board Meetings shall be held at the discretion of the Declarant so long as at least one Board Meeting is held each year and a Board Meeting is held each time the Association increases a fee or raises an Assessment.
- 4.6 <u>Special Meetings</u>. Special meetings of the Board may be called by the President or a majority of Board Members on at least two (2) business days' prior notice to each Board Member. The person or persons authorized to call special meetings of the Board of Directors may fix any place, within Salt Lake County, as the place for holding the meeting and shall provide a conference call-in number for Board Members not able to attend in person. Notice shall be given personally, by email, or by telephone, including text message. By unanimous consent of the Board, special meetings may be held without call or notice to the Board Members.
- 4.7 Quorum and Manner of Action. A majority of the then authorized number of Board Members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the Board. The act of a majority of the Board Members present at any meeting at which a quorum is present and for which proper notice was provided to the Board Members shall be the act of the Board of Directors. The Board Members shall act only as the Board of Directors, and individual Board Members shall have no powers as such.
- 4.8 Open Meetings. Except as provided below in (a) through (f), following the Period of Declarant Control, Board meetings shall be open to Owners. The Board may hold a closed executive session during a meeting of the Board if the purpose of the closed executive session is to:
  - a. Consult with legal counsel of the Association to obtain legal advice and discuss legal matters;
  - b. Discuss existing or potential litigation, mediation, arbitration, or an administrative proceeding;
  - c. Discuss a labor or personnel matter;
  - d. Discuss a matter relating to the initial contract negotiations, including the review of a bid or proposal;
  - e. Discuss a matter involving a Person, if the Board determines that public knowledge of the matter would violate the Person's privacy; or
  - f. Discuss a delinquent assessment.

During the Period of Declarant Control, Board meetings may be closed to Owners, unless the Board, in its sole discretion and without obligation, determines to open the meeting (or a portion thereof) to the Owners.

- 4.9 <u>Board Meeting Location</u>. The Board may designate any place in Salt Lake County as the place of meeting for any regular or special Board meeting. Board meetings may also be held with Board Members appearing telephonically so long as any Board Member appearing telephonically consents to such appearance. Following the Period of Declarant Control, if a Board meeting is held by telephone, the Association shall provide the call-in information such that Owners may call-in to access the meeting.
- 4.10 <u>Board Action</u>. Notwithstanding noncompliance with Sections 4.7 and 4.8, Board action is binding and valid unless set aside by a court of law. A person challenging the validity of a Board action for failure to comply with Sections 4.7 and 4.8 may not bring the challenge more than sixty (60) days after the Board has approved the minutes recording the Board action.
- 4.11 <u>Emergency Actions</u>. In the event of an emergency, where an immediate, substantial risk of severe physical damage to the Project exists, the Board shall act to protect and preserve the Project. During an emergency, the Board may convene without advance notice. An emergency quorum shall consist of two (2) or more Board members. Best efforts shall be employed to contact as many board members as practicable during an emergency. Emergency meetings shall not be used in any circumstance other than a bona fide emergency, such as, but not limited to, fires, floods, earthquakes, windstorms, hazardous inclement weather, riots, or war.
- 4.12 <u>Compensation</u>. No Board Member shall receive compensation for any services that such member may render to the Association as a Board Member; provided, however, that a Board Member may be reimbursed for expenses incurred in performance of such duties as a Board Member to the extent such expenses are approved by a majority of the other Board Members. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to preclude any Board Member from serving the Project in any other capacity and receiving compensation therefore, so long as approved in advance by a majority of disinterested Board Members.
- 4.13 Resignation and Removal. A Board Member may resign at any time by delivering a written resignation to either the President or the Secretary. Unless otherwise specified therein, such resignation shall take effect upon delivery. Any Board Member who is appointed by the Declarant may only be removed by the Declarant. The Declarant may remove a Board Member it appoints at any time. A Board Member elected by the Owners after the Period of Declarant Control may be removed at any time, with or without cause, at a Special Meeting of the Owners duly called for such purpose upon the affirmative vote of more than fifty percent (50%) of the entire voting interests of the Association.
- 4.14 <u>Vacancies and Newly Created Board Memberships</u>. If vacancies shall occur in the Board of Directors for any reason during the Period of Declarant Control, the Declarant shall appoint the Board Member to fill the vacancy. Following the Period of Declarant Control, if vacancies shall occur in the Board of Directors for any reason (including death, resignation, or disqualification) except removal by the Owners, the Board Members then in office shall continue to act, and such vacancies shall be filled by a majority vote of the Board Members then in office, though less than a quorum. Any vacancy in the Board of Directors occurring by reason of removal of a Board Member by the Owners may be filled by election of the Owners at the meeting at which such Board Member is removed. Any Board Member elected or appointed hereunder to fill a vacancy shall serve for the unexpired term of his predecessor. Except by reason of death, resignation, disqualification, or removal, Board Members shall continue to serve until their successors are elected.
- 4.15 <u>Action Taken Without a Meeting</u>. Board Members have the right to take any action in the absence of a meeting which they could take at a meeting subject to the requirements of U.C.A. §16-6a-

- 813 and any other applicable sections of the Acts. Any action so approved shall have the same effect as though taken at a meeting of the Board.
- 4.16 <u>Waiver of Notice</u>. Before or at any meeting of the Board, any Board Member or Owner may waive notice of such meeting and such waiver shall be deemed the equivalent of proper notice. Attendance by a Board Member or Owner at any meeting thereof shall be a waiver of notice by that Board Member or Owner of the time, place, and purpose thereof.
- 4.17 <u>Meeting</u>. For purposes of this Article IV, a Board meeting does not include a gathering of Board Members at which the Board does not conduct and vote on Association business
- 4.18 <u>Conflicts of Interest</u>. Board members shall immediately disclose any potential conflict of interest, and recuse themselves from voting on the issue which presents the conflict of interest. The Board shall adopt a Conflict of Interest policy appropriate for a nonprofit corporation, with the intent to avoid conflicts of interest between a Board Member's private interest and the interests of the Association. Such policy shall comply with relevant guidance from the Internal Revenue Service for the purpose of maintaining the Association's tax-exempt status.
- 4.19 <u>Adjournment</u>. The Board may adjourn any meeting from day to day for such other time as may be prudent or necessary, provided that no meeting may be adjourned for longer than thirty (30) days.
- 4.20 <u>Financial Accounts</u>. The Board shall establish and maintain financial accounts for the operation of the Association. During the Period of Declarant Control, Declarant shall provide five thousand dollars (\$5000) to establish accounts and provide funding until additional amount are received from other fees or Assessments. After the initial funding by Declarant, the Association should be able to raise sufficient funds through its regular conduct. However, if the Board decides for any reason that Declarant did not provide sufficient funds to the Association, then, before the Association may take any other action to obtain sufficient funds from Declarant, the Board shall provide written notice to the Declarant of the amount needed and detailed explanation of the basis for the amount and shall provide 30 days from delivery of that written notice to Declarant for Declarant to cure the insufficiency of the funds.

### ARTICLE V OFFICERS

- 5.1 <u>Officers</u>. The officers of the Association shall be a President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer, and such other officers as may from time to time be appointed by the Board.
- Election, Tenure, and Qualifications. The officers of the Association shall be elected by the Board at the first Board meeting following each Annual Meeting of the Owners. Each officer shall hold such office until the next ensuing meeting of the Board following the Annual Owners Meeting and until a successor has been elected and qualified, or until such officer's death, or until resignation, disqualification, or removal in the manner provided in these Bylaws, whichever occurs first. Any person may hold any two (2) or more of such offices, except that the President may not also be the Secretary. No person holding two (2) or more offices shall act or execute any instrument in the capacity of more than one (1) office.
- 5.3 <u>Subordinate Officers</u>. The Board may from time to time appoint such other officers or agents as it may deem necessary or advisable, each of whom shall have such title, hold office for such period, have such authority, and perform such duties as the Board may from time to time determine.

- 5.4 <u>Resignation and Removal</u>. Any officer may resign at any time by delivering a written resignation to any member of the Board or to any managing agent of the Association. Unless otherwise specified therein, such resignation shall take effect upon delivery. Any officer may be removed and replaced upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the Board at any time, with or without cause.
- 5.5 <u>Vacancies and Newly Created Offices.</u> If any vacancy shall occur in any office by reason of death, resignation, removal, disqualification or any other cause, or if a new office shall be created, such vacancies or newly created offices may be filled by majority vote of the Board of Directors at any regular or special Board meeting.
- 5.6 <u>President</u>. The President shall be the chief executive of the Association. The President shall preside at meetings of the Board of Directors and at meetings of the Owners. At the meetings, the President shall have all authority typically granted to the person presiding over the meeting including, but not limited to: (1) the right to control the order of the meeting, (2) the right to remove any disruptive Owner or person, (3) the right to impose and enforce reasonable rules and procedures related to the meeting, such as those found in "Robert's Rules of Order" or "The Modern Rules of Order". The President shall sign on behalf of the Association all conveyances, mortgages, documents, and contracts, and shall do and perform all other acts and things as required by the Board.
- 5.7 <u>Vice President</u>. The Vice President shall perform all duties of the President when the President is absent or unable or refuses to act at any meeting of the Board or Owners. The Vice President shall perform such other duties as required by the Board.
- 5.8 <u>Secretary</u>. The Secretary shall keep the minutes of the Association and shall maintain such books and records as these Bylaws, the Declaration, Rules, or any resolution the Board may require such person to keep. The Secretary shall also act in the place of the Vice President in the event of the President's and Vice President's absence or inability or refusal to act.
- 5.9 <u>Treasurer</u>. The Treasurer shall have the custody and control of the funds and financial accounts of the Association, subject to the action of the Board, and when requested by the President, shall report the state of the finances of the Association at each Owner meeting and at any meeting of the Board. The Treasurer shall perform such other duties as required by the Board.
- 5.10 <u>Compensation</u>. No officer shall receive compensation for any services rendered to the Association as an officer, provided, however, that an officer may be reimbursed for expenses incurred in performance of such duties as an officer to the extent such expenses are approved by the Board.

#### ARTICLE VI COMMITTEES

- 6.1 <u>Designation of Committees</u>. The Board may from time to time by resolution designate such committees as it may deem appropriate in carrying out its duties, responsibilities, functions, and powers. No member of such committee shall receive compensation for services rendered to the Association as a member of the committee; provided, however, that the committee member may be reimbursed for expenses incurred in performance of such duties as a committee member to the extent that such expenses are approved by the Board. A committee shall not have any powers, duties, or responsibilities beyond those specifically assigned by the Board in a written resolution. The Board may terminate any committee at any time.
- 6.2 <u>Proceeding of Committees</u>. Each committee designated hereunder by the Board of Directors may appoint its own presiding and recording officers and may meet at such places and times and upon such notice as such committee may from time to time determine. Each such committee shall keep a record of its proceedings and shall regularly report such proceedings to the Board of Directors.

- 6.3 Quorum and Manner of Acting. At each meeting of any committee designated hereunder by the Board of Directors, the presence of members constituting at least a majority of the authorized membership of such committee (but in no event less than two (2) members) shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the act of a majority of the members present at any meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of such committee. The members of any committee designated by the Board of Directors hereunder shall act only as a committee, and the individual members thereof shall have no powers as such. A committee may exercise the authority granted by the Board of Directors.
- 6.4 <u>Resignation and Removal</u>. Any member of any committee designated hereunder by the Board of Directors may resign at any time by delivering a written resignation to the President, the Board of Directors, or the presiding officer of such committee. Unless otherwise specified therein, such resignation shall take effect upon delivery. The Board of Directors may at any time, with or without cause, remove any member of any committee designated by it thereunder.
- 6.5 <u>Vacancies</u>. If any vacancy shall occur in any committee designated by the Board due to disqualification, death, resignation, removal, or otherwise, the remaining members shall, until the filling of such vacancy by the Board, constitute the then total authorized membership of the committee and, provided that two (2) or more members are remaining, may continue to act. Such vacancy may be filled at any meeting of the Board.

## ARTICLE VII INDEMNIFICATION

- 7.1 Indemnification. In addition to the indemnification provisions and requirements set forth in the Declaration, no Board Member, officer, or committee member shall be personally liable for any obligations of the Association or for any duties or obligations arising out of any acts or conduct said Board Member, officer, or committee member performed for or on behalf of the Association. The Association shall and does hereby indemnify and hold harmless each person who shall serve at any time as a Board Member, officer, or committee member of the Association, as well as such person's heirs and administrators, from and against any and all claims, judgments and liabilities to which such persons shall become subject, by reason of that person having heretofore or hereafter been a Board Member, officer, or committee member of the Association or by reason of any action alleged to have been heretofore or hereafter taken or omitted to have been taken by him as such Board Member, officer, or committee member and shall reimburse any such person for all legal and other expenses reasonably incurred in connection with any such claim or liability; provided that no such person shall be indemnified against or be reimbursed for or be defended against any expense or liability incurred in connection with any claim or action arising out of such person's willful or intentional misconduct. The rights accruing to any person under the foregoing provisions of this Section shall not exclude any other right to which such person may lawfully be entitled, nor shall anything herein contained restrict the right of the Association to indemnify or reimburse such person in any proper case, even though not specifically provided for herein or otherwise permitted. The Association, its Board Members, officers, committee members, employees, and agents shall be fully protected in taking any action or making any payment or in refusing so to do in reliance upon the advice of counsel.
- 7.2 Other Indemnification. The indemnification herein provided shall not be deemed exclusive of any other right to indemnification to which any person seeking indemnification may be under the Acts or under any agreement, vote of disinterested Board Members or otherwise, both as to action taken in any official capacity and as to action taken in any other capacity while holding such office. It is the intent hereof that all Board Members, officers, and committee members be and hereby are indemnified to the fullest extent permitted by the laws of the State of Utah and these Bylaws. The indemnification herein provided shall continue as to any person who has ceased to be a Board Member, officer, committee member, or employee and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators

of any such person, insofar as it relates to conduct that took place during or reasonably stems from their service as a Board Member.

- 7.3 <u>Insurance</u>. The Board, in its discretion, may direct that the Association purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a Board Member, officer, committee member, or employee of the Association or is or was serving at the request of the Association as a Board Member, officer, committee member, employee, or agent of another association, corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any liability asserted against, and incurred by, such person in any such capacity or arising out of such persons status as such, whether or not the Association would have the power to indemnify such person against liability under the provisions of this Article VII.
- 7.4 <u>Settlement by Association</u>. The right of any person to be indemnified shall be subject always to the right of the Association through the Board, in lieu of such indemnity, to settle any such claim, action, suit or proceeding at the expense of the Association by the payment of the amount of such settlement and the costs and expenses incurred in connection therewith.

## ARTICLE VIII RULES AND REGULATIONS

Rules. The Board shall have the authority to adopt and establish by resolution such Project management and operational Rules as it may deem necessary for the maintenance, operation, management, and control of the Project. The Board may from time to time, by resolution, alter, amend, and repeal such Rules and use their best efforts to see that they are strictly observed by all Owners and residents. Owners are responsible to ensure that their lessees, invitees, and guests strictly observe the Rules then in effect as well as the covenants and restrictions of the Declaration and shall be jointly and severally liable for their violations and resulting fines. Copies of all Rules adopted by the Board shall be sent to all Owners at least ten (10) days prior to the effective date thereof.

## ARTICLE IX AMENDMENTS

- 9.1 <u>Amendments by Declarant</u>. During the Period of Declarant Control, the Declarant acting alone may amend, alter, or repeal and adopt new Bylaws for any reason, without Owner approval. No other amendment shall be valid or enforceable during the Period of Declarant Control unless the Declarant has given written consent to such amendment. Any amendment during the Period of Declarant Control shall be executed by Declarant on behalf of the Association and shall become effective upon recordation in the office of the Salt Lake County Recorder.
- Amendments by Association. After termination of the Period of Declarant Control, amendments to the Bylaws shall be proposed by either a majority of Board Members or by Owners holding at least forty percent (40%) of the voting interests of the Association. The proposed amendment must be reduced to writing and must be included in the notice of any meeting at which action is to be taken thereon, or included as part of the written ballot in lieu of such meeting. Except as otherwise provided herein, the Bylaws may be amended, altered, or repealed and new Bylaws may be adopted by the Owners upon the affirmative vote of more than sixty percent (60%) of the voting interests of the Association. Any amendment(s) shall be effective upon recordation in the office of the recorder of Salt Lake County, State of Utah. In such instrument the President shall execute the amendment and certify that the vote required by this Section for amendment has occurred. If a Unit is owned by more than one Owner, the signature of any one Owner shall be sufficient to constitute approval for that Unit under this Section. If a Unit is owned by an entity or trust, the signature of any one officer, trustee, or agent of the entity shall be sufficient to constitute approval for that Unit under this paragraph. No acknowledgment

of any Owner signature shall be required. No amendment shall in any way restrict, limit, or impair any rights of Declarant without the express written consent of Declarant.

9.3 Amendments by Government. To the extent that any action by a government entity with binding authority over the Association would cause that these Bylaws as a whole or any individual provision to become invalid, illegal, or unenforceable then these Bylaws shall be automatically amended in the most minimal way possible to make the provision(s) at issue valid, legal and enforceable.

### ARTICLE X MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- 10.1 <u>Waiver</u>. No restriction, condition, obligation, or provision contained in these Bylaws shall be deemed to have been abrogated or waived by reason of any failure to enforce the same, irrespective of the number of violations or breaches thereof which may occur.
- Opportunity to Cure. If any person subject to these Declarations believes that the Association is liable to them, then, before that person may take any other action against the Association, that person shall provide written notice to the Association of the amount of liability and detailed explanation of the basis for the amount and shall provide 30 days from delivery of that written notice to the Association for the Association to cure its liability. As needed to verify the legitimacy of a claim or the amount claimed, the Board may, in writing, request evidence from the person alleging the Association's liability, and the 30-day period to cure shall be tolled from the date that the request for the evidence was delivered to the person alleging the Association's liability and the date that the person alleging the Association's liability either delivers the evidence to the Association or provides a truthful, accurate written explanation of why it is either impossible or impractical to produce the requested evidence.
- 10.3 <u>Ratification</u>. Each Owner has a duty to timely notify the Board of any misconduct by Declarant, the Board, or the Association. If any Owner does not notify the Board of any misconduct by Declarant, the Board, or the Association before or during the next meeting of the Owners after discovering the misconduct, then the Owner's silence shall be consent to ratify the conduct at issue. The term "misconduct" in this paragraph shall include, but is not limited to, any improper official actions taken by the Board or the Association. This provision shall not be interpreted as an expansion of any right otherwise available to an Owner in these Bylaws.
- 10.4 <u>Recitals Part of Bylaws</u>. The recitals at the beginning of these Bylaws are incorporated into the terms of these Bylaws.
- 10.5 <u>Ambiguity Not Construed against Drafter</u>. No party shall be considered to be the "drafter" of these Bylaws, and in the event that there is any ambiguity in these Bylaws, there shall be no presumption that ambiguity should be construed against the drafter.
- 10.6 <u>Interpretation of Language</u>. The language of these Bylaws shall be construed according to its fair meaning and not strictly for or against either party. All words in this Agreement refer to whatever number or gender the context requires. All the terms and words used in these Bylaws, regardless of the number and gender in which they are used, shall be deemed and construed to include any other number (singular and plural) or any gender (masculine, feminine or neuter), as the context or sense of these Bylaws or any paragraph or sub-paragraph thereof may require. The locative adverbs "herein," "hereunder," "hereto," "hereinafter," and like words, wherever the same appear, therein mean and refer to these Bylaws in their entirety and not to any specific paragraph or sub-paragraph hereof, unless otherwise expressly designated in the contents.

- 10.7 <u>Headings</u>. Headings are for ease of reference only and should not be considered in any interpretation of these Bylaws.
- 10.8 <u>Severability</u>. If any provision of these Bylaws shall be held invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in whole or in part and the provision of these Bylaws with the heading "Amendments by Government" does not cause that provision to become valid, legal, and enforceable, then neither the validity of the remaining part of such provision nor the validity of the remaining provisions of these Bylaws shall in any way be affected thereby.
- 10.9 <u>Waiver of Rescission</u>. Except for proven fraud, each party hereby waives any right to rescission of this Agreement.
- 10.10 <u>Conflicts</u>. These Bylaws are intended to comply with the Declaration. In case of any irreconcilable conflict, the Declaration shall control over these Bylaws.

[Signatures on Next Page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Declarant has executed and adopted these Bylaws on behalf of
the Association.
DATED this 3 day of October, 2018.
DECLARANT
West Temple Towns, LC
A Utah Limited Liability Company
to a Sileans
By: Tyler McArthur
Its: Managing Member
State of Utah )
County of Salt Lake ) ss.
On the $\frac{3^{RP}}{2^{RP}}$ day of $\frac{0}{2^{RP}}$ , 2018, personally appeared before me Tyler McArthur
who by me being duly sworn, did say that he is an authorized representative of West Temple Towns,
LC, and that the foregoing instrument is signed on hehalf of said company and executed with all

Notary Public Karlu Kal

necessary authority.

Notary Public KARALEE KALIKAKIS

> October 5, 2019 State of Utah

### **EXHIBIT A**

### **LEGAL DESCRIPTION**

All of Lots 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, and 120, 50 West Townhomes, according to the official plat as recorded in the office of the Salt Lake County Recorder.